



珠海三泰克科技有限公司
San Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.

GD97 = 75HCB'

: CF'

@ 8 'AcXi `Y'

7 i glca Yf'D#B.'

GUbhY_ 'D#B.'GH% * \$6' !FGM@X !7'

8 C7 "F Yj]g]cb.'FG\$%

7 i glca Yf'5 ddfcj U.'

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| | SIGNATURE | DATE |
|-------------|------------------|------------|
| PREPARED BY | Caihua | 2019-08-30 |
| CHECKED BY | Andy Song | 2019-8-30 |
| APPROVED BY | <i>Natty Lee</i> | 2019-08-30 |

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1.General Description

1.1 Introduction

ST1560B3-RSMLW-C V8.0 is a color active matrix TFT LCD module using amorphous silicon TFT's (Thin Film Transistors) as an active switching devices. This module has a 15.6 inch diagonally measured active area with Full-HD resolutions (1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into RED, GREEN, BLUE dots which are arranged in vertical stripe and this module can display 1073.7M(8bit+FRC) colors and color gamut 95% sRGB .The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low reflection and higher color type. Therefore, this module is suitable for Notebook PC. The LED driver for back-light driving is built in this model. All input signals are eDP1.4 interface compatible.

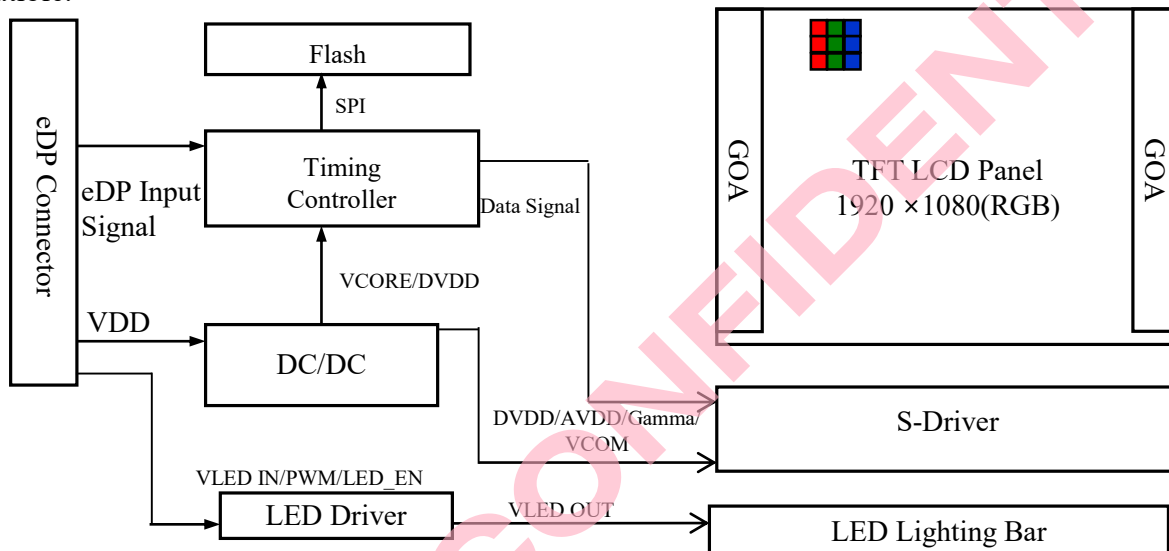


Figure 1. Drive Architecture

1.2 Features

- 2 lane eDP interface with 2.7Gbps link rates
- Thin and light weight
- 1073.7M(8bit+FRC) color depth, color gamut 95% sRGB
- Single LED lighting bar (Bottom side/Horizontal Direction)
- Data enable signal mode
- Side mounting frame
- Green product (RoHS & Halogen free product)
- On board LED driving circuit
- Low driving voltage and low power consumption
- On board EDID chip
- Adjust backlight brightness with DC mode
- DPCD Version 1.4
- Function : CAB/C/BIST/FRC/HDR

1.3 Application

- Notebook PC (Wide type)

1.4 General Specification

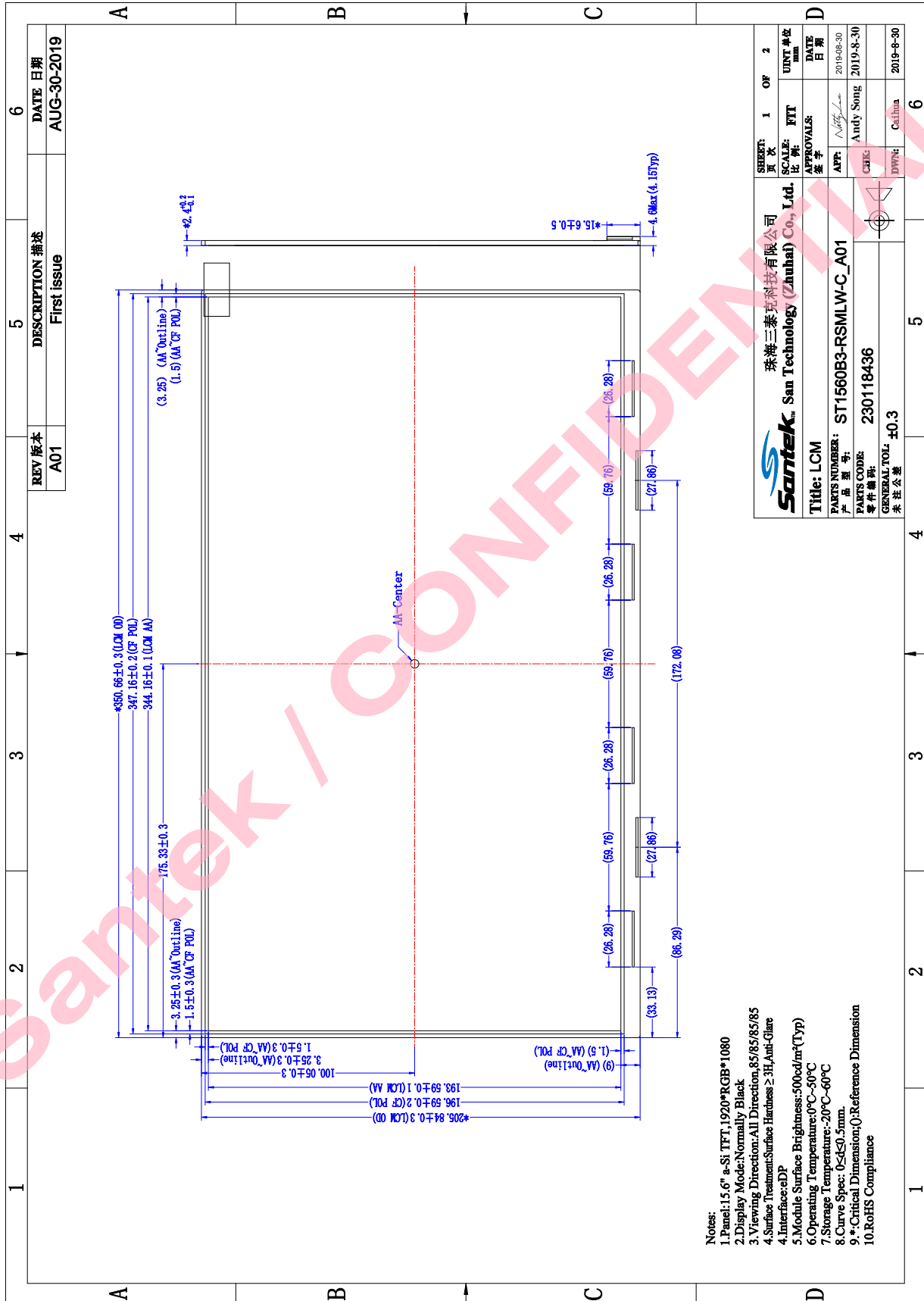
The followings are general specifications at the model NV156FHM-N52 V8.0 . (listed in Table 1)

<Table 1. General Specifications>

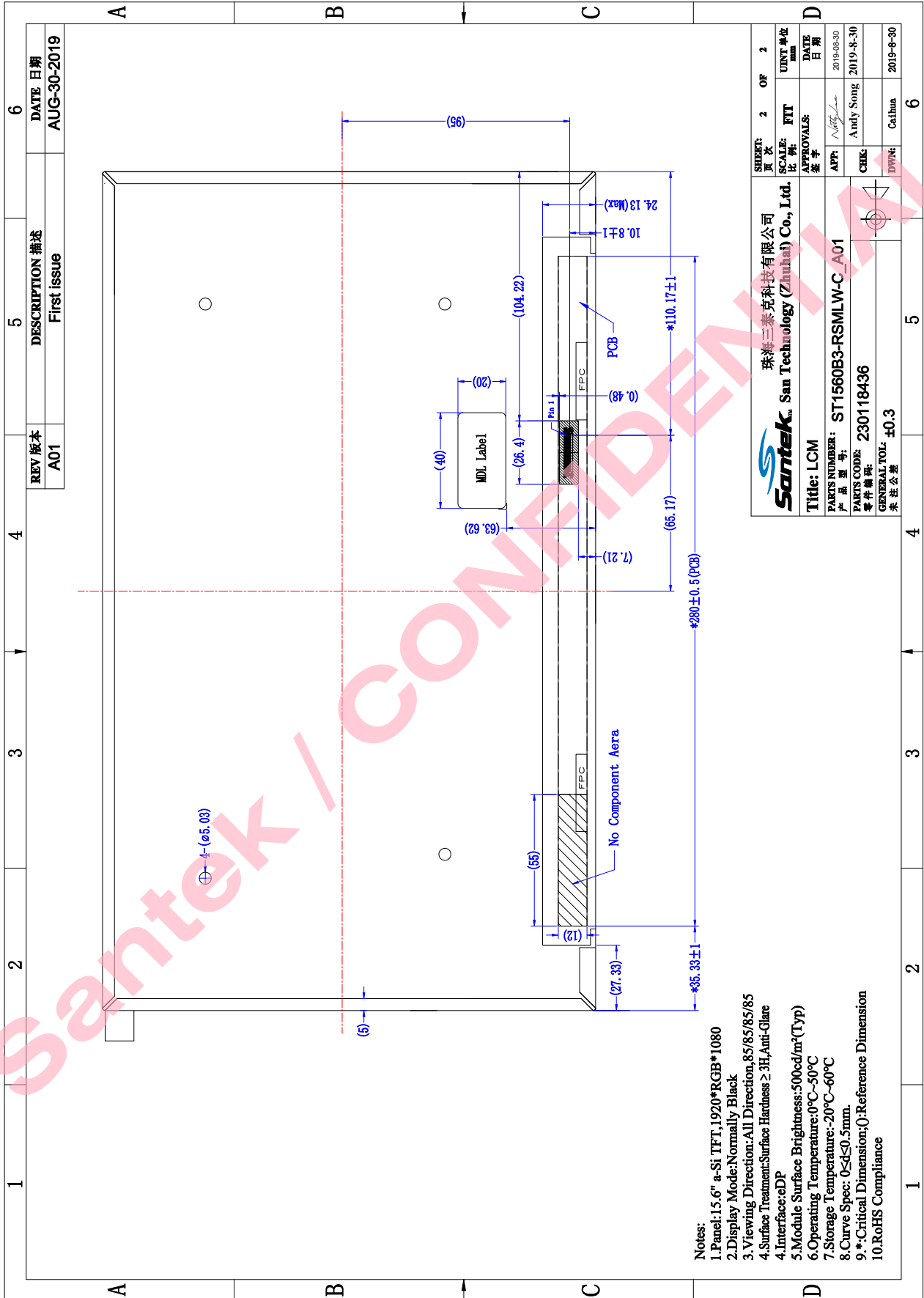
| Parameter | Specification | Unit | Remarks |
|---------------------|--|--------|---------|
| Active area | 344.16(H) × 193.59(V) | mm | |
| Number of pixels | 1920(H) × 1080 (V) | pixels | |
| Pixel pitch | 0.17925 (H) X 0.17925 (V) | um | |
| Pixel arrangement | RGB Vertical stripe | | |
| Display colors | 1073.7M(8bit+FRC) | | |
| Color gamut | 95% | | |
| Display mode | Normally Black | | |
| Dimensional outline | 350.66(H)*205.84(V) (W/PCB)*4.6(Max) 350.66(H)*205.84(V) (W/O PCB)*2.6(Max) | mm | |
| Weight | 280(max) | g | |
| Surface treatment | Glare | | |
| Surface hardness | 3H | | |
| Back-light | Bottom edge side, 1-LED lighting bar type | | Note 1 |
| Power consumption | P _D : 0.8(Max.) | W | @Mosaic |
| | P _{BL} : 4.7(Max.) | W | |
| | P _{Total} : 5.5(Max.) | W | @Mosaic |

Notes : 1. LED Lighting Bar (60*LED Array)

2. Mechanical Drawing



- Notes:
1. Panel: 15.6" a-Si TFT, 1920*RGB*1080
 2. Display Mode: Normally Black
 3. Viewing Direction: All Direction, 85/85/85/85
 4. Surface Treatment: Surface Hardness ≥ 3H, Anti-Glare
 4. Interface: eDP
 5. Module Surface Brightness: 500cd/m²(Typ)
 6. Operating Temperature: 0°C~50°C
 7. Storage Temperature: -20°C~60°C
 8. Curve Spec: 0≤d≤0.5mm.
 9. Critical Dimension(s): Reference Dimension
 10. RoHS Compliance



3. Pin Description

| Terminal | Symbol | Functions |
|----------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
| 1 | CABC_EN | CABC Function enable |
| 2 | H_GND | Ground |
| 3 | LANE1_N | eDP RX channel 1 negative |
| 4 | LANE1_P | eDP RX channel 1 positive |
| 5 | H_GND | Ground |
| 6 | LANE0_N | eDP RX channel 0 negative |
| 7 | LANE0_P | eDP RX channel 0 positive |
| 8 | H_GND | Ground |
| 9 | AUX_CH_P | eDP AUX CH positive |
| 10 | AUX_CH_N | eDP AUX CH negative |
| 11 | H_GND | Ground |
| 12 | LCD_VCC | Power Supply, 3.3V (typ.) |
| 13 | LCD_VCC | Power Supply, 3.3V (typ.) |
| 14 | LCD_Self_Test | Panel self test enable |
| 15 | H_GND | Ground |
| 16 | H_GND | Ground |
| 17 | HPD | Hot plug detect output |
| 18 | BL_GND | LED Ground |
| 19 | BL_GND | LED Ground |
| 20 | BL_GND | LED Ground |
| 21 | BL_GND | LED Ground |
| 22 | BL_ENABLE | LED enable pin(+3.3V Input) |
| 23 | BL_PWM | System PWM Signal Input |
| 24 | NC | No Connection |
| 25 | NC | No Connection |
| 26 | BL_POWER | LED Power Supply 5V-21V |
| 27 | BL_POWER | LED Power Supply 5V-21V |
| 28 | BL_POWER | LED Power Supply 5V-21V |
| 29 | BL_POWER | LED Power Supply 5V-21V |
| 30 | Color_Engine | Color Engine enable |

4. Electrical Characteristics

4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceed, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit. The operational and non-operational maximum voltage and current values are listed in Table 2.

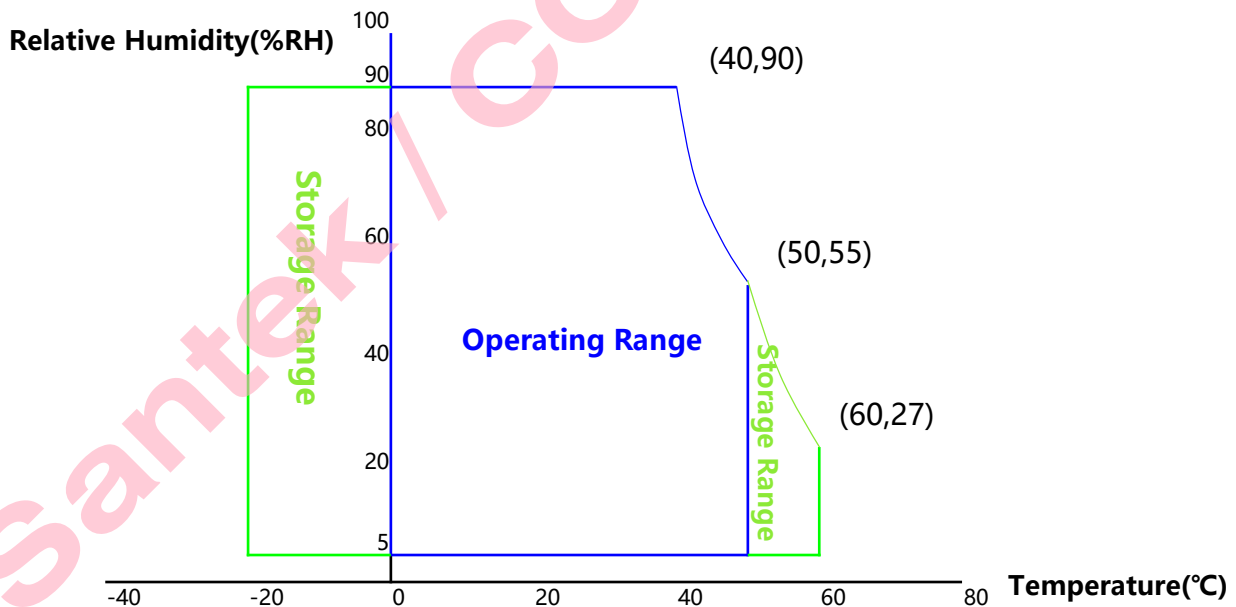
< Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings >

Ta=25+/-2°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|---------|
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | -0.3 | 4.0 | V | |
| eDP input Voltage | V _{eDP} | 0 | 2.0 | V | Note 1 |
| Logic Supply Voltage | V _{IN} | V _{SS} -0.3 | V _{DD} +0.3 | V | |
| Operating Temperature | T _{OP} | 0 | +50 | °C | Note 2 |
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -20 | +60 | °C | |

Notes :

- ermanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded functional operation should be restricted to the condition described under normal operating conditions.
- Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
90 % RH Max. (40 °C ≥ Ta) Maximum wet - bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta > 40 °C) No condensation.



4.2 Electrical Specifications

< Table 3. Electrical Specifications >

Ta=25+/-2°C

| Parameter | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------|-------|--------------------------|---------|
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | Note 1 | |
| Permissible Input Ripple Voltage | V _{RF} | -10% VDD | - | +10% VDD | V | @ V _{DD} = 3.3V | |
| BIST Control Level | High Level | 1.44 | - | 3.3 | V | @V _{DDIO} =1.8 | |
| | Low Level | 0 | - | 0.27 | V | | |
| Power Supply Inrush Current | Inrush | - | - | 2 | A | Note3 | |
| Power Supply Current | Mosaic | I _{DD} | - | - | 242.4 | mA | Note 1 |
| | RGB | | - | - | 303.1 | mA | |
| Power Consumption | Mosaic | P _M | - | - | 0.8 | W | |
| | RGB | P _{RGB} | - | - | 1 | W | |
| | BLU | P _{BL} | - | - | 2.15 | W | Note 2 |
| | Total | P _{Total} | - | - | 3.5 | W | @Mosaic |

Notes :

- The supply voltage is measured and specified at the interface connector of LCM.
The current draw and power consumption specified is for 3.3V at 25 °C.
 - Mosaic pattern 8*8
 - R/G/B patterns



Figure 3. Power Measure Patterns

- calculated value for reference (V_L × I_L)
- Measure condition (Figure 4)

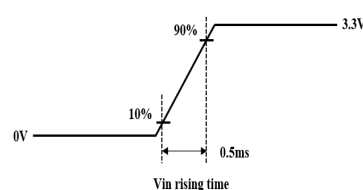


Figure 4. Inrush Measure Condition

4.3 Backlight Unit

< Table 4. LED Driving Guideline Specifications >

Ta=25+/-2°C

| Parameter | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks | |
|--|------------------|---------------|------|-------|------|------------------------|--|
| LED Forward Voltage | V_F | - | - | 2.9 | V | | |
| LED Forward Current | I_F | - | 24 | - | mA | | |
| LED Power Input Voltage | V_{LED} | 5 | 12 | 21 | V | | |
| LED Power Input Current | I_{LED} | - | - | Max. | mA | Note 1 | |
| LED Power Consumption | P_{LED} | - | - | 2.15 | W | | |
| Power Supply Voltage for LED Driver Inrush | I_{led} inrush | - | - | 1.5 | V | Note 3 | |
| LED Life-Time | N/A | 15,000 | - | - | Hour | $I_F = 24mA$ Note 2 | |
| EN Control Level | Backlight On | V_{BL_EN} | 2.2 | - | 3.6 | V | |
| | Backlight Off | | 0 | - | 0.6 | V | |
| PWM Control Level | High Level | V_{BL_PWM} | 2.2 | - | 3.6 | V | |
| | Low Level | | 0 | - | 0.6 | V | |
| PWM Control Frequency | F_{PWM} | 200 | - | 2,000 | Hz | | |
| Duty Ratio | | 5 | - | 100 | % | | |

Notes :

1. Power supply voltage 12V for LED driver.

Calculator value for reference $I_F \times V_F \times 60 / \text{driver efficiency} = P_{LED}$

2. The LED life-time define as the estimated time to 50% degradation of initial luminous.

3. Measure condition (Figure 5)

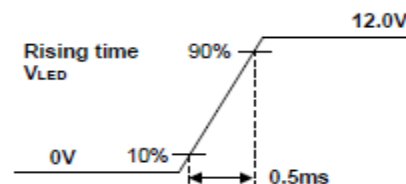


Figure 5. Inrush Measure Condition

4.4 LED Structure

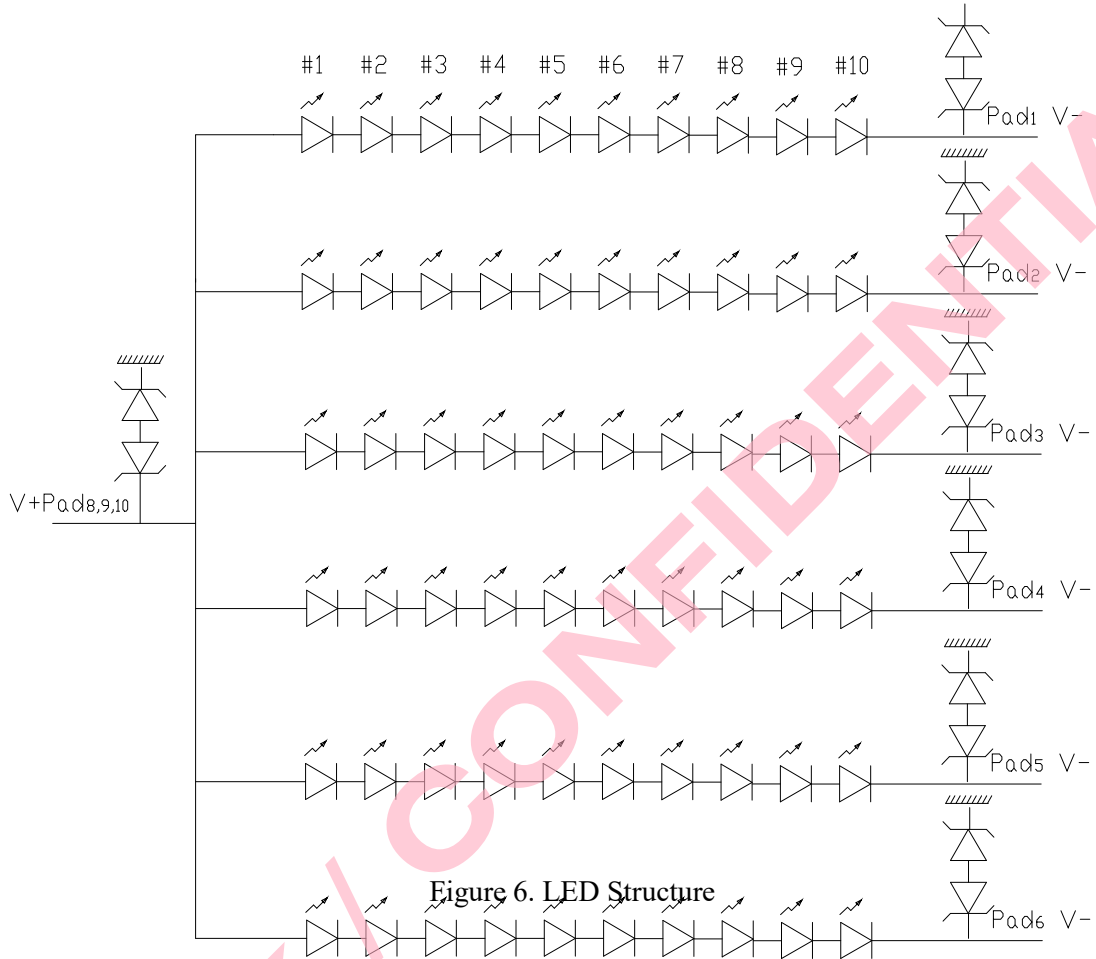


Figure 6. LED Structure

5. Optical Specificaton

5.1 Overview

The test of optical specifications shall be measured in a dark room (ambient luminance ≤ 1 lux and temperature = $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$) with the equipment of luminance meter system (PR730&PR810) and test unit shall be located at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of θ and Φ equal to 0° . We refer to $\theta=0$ ($=\theta_3$) as the 3 o'clock direction (the "right"), $\theta=90$ ($=\theta_{12}$) as the 12 o'clock direction ("upward"), $\theta=180$ ($=\theta_9$) as the 9 o'clock direction ("left") and $\theta=270$ ($=\theta_6$) as the 6 o'clock direction ("bottom"). While scanning θ and/or Φ , the center of the measuring spot on the display surface shall stay fixed. The backlight should be operating for 30 minutes prior to measurement. VDD shall be $3.3 \pm 0.3\text{V}$ at 25°C . Optimum viewing angle direction is 6 'clock.

5.2 Optical Specifications

<Table 5. Optical Specifications>

| Parameter | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------|
| Viewing Angle Range | Horizontal | Θ_3 | CR > 10 | 80 | 85 | - | Deg. | Note 1 |
| | | Θ_9 | | 80 | 85 | - | Deg. | |
| | Vertical | Θ_{12} | | 80 | 85 | - | Deg. | |
| | | Θ_6 | | 80 | 85 | - | Deg. | |
| Luminance Contrast Ratio | | CR | $\Theta = 0^\circ$ | 1000 | 1200 | - | | Note 2 |
| Luminance of White | 5 Points | Y_w | $\Theta = 0^\circ$ $I_{LED} = 24\text{mA}$ | 425 | 500 | 625 | cd/m ² | Note 3 |
| White Luminance Uniformity | 5 Points | ΔY_5 | | 80 | - | - | % | Note 4 |
| | 13 Points | ΔY_{13} | | 60 | - | - | % | |
| White Chromaticity | | W_x | $\Theta = 0^\circ$ | 0.283 | 0.313 | 0.343 | | Note 5 |
| | | W_y | | 0.299 | 0.329 | 0.359 | | |
| Reproduction of Color | Red | R_x | $\Theta = 0^\circ$ | -0.03 | 0.646 | +0.03 | | |
| | | R_y | | | 0.331 | | | |
| | Green | G_x | | | 0.309 | | | |
| | | G_y | | | 0.612 | | | |
| | Blue | B_x | | | 0.152 | | | |
| | | B_y | | | 0.062 | | | |
| Color Gamut | | | | 95 | - | - | % | sRGB |
| Response Time (Rising + Falling) | | T_{RT} | $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $\Theta = 0^\circ$ | - | 30 | 35 | ms | Note 6 |
| Cross Talk | | CT | $\Theta = 0^\circ$ | - | - | 2.0 | % | Note 7 |

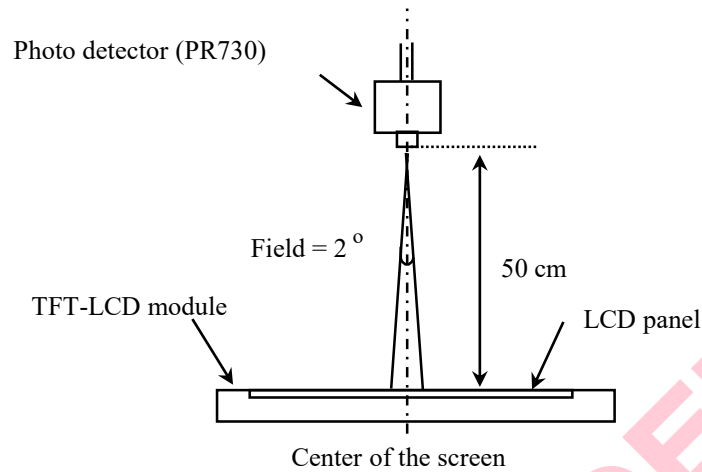
Notes :

1. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface (see Figure 7).
2. Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\Theta=0$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (see Figure 7) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically.

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

3. Center Luminance of white is defined as luminance values of 5 point average across the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white. This measurement shall be taken at the locations shown in Figure 8 for a total of the measurements per display.
4. The White luminance uniformity on LCD surface is then expressed as : $\Delta Y = \text{Minimum Luminance of 5(or 13) points} / \text{Maximum Luminance of 5(or 13) points}$.(see Figure 8 and Figure 9).
5. The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table 5 shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.
6. The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as Figure 10 by switching the "data" input signal ON and OFF. The times needed for the luminance to change from 10% to 90% is T_f , and 90% to 10% is T_r .
7. Cross-Talk of one area of the LCD surface by another shall be measured by comparing the luminance (YA) of a 25mm diameter area, with all display pixels set to a gray level, to the luminance (YB) of that same area when any adjacent area is driven dark. (See Figure 11).

5.3 Optical Measurements



Optical characteristics measurement setup

Figure 7. Measurement Set Up

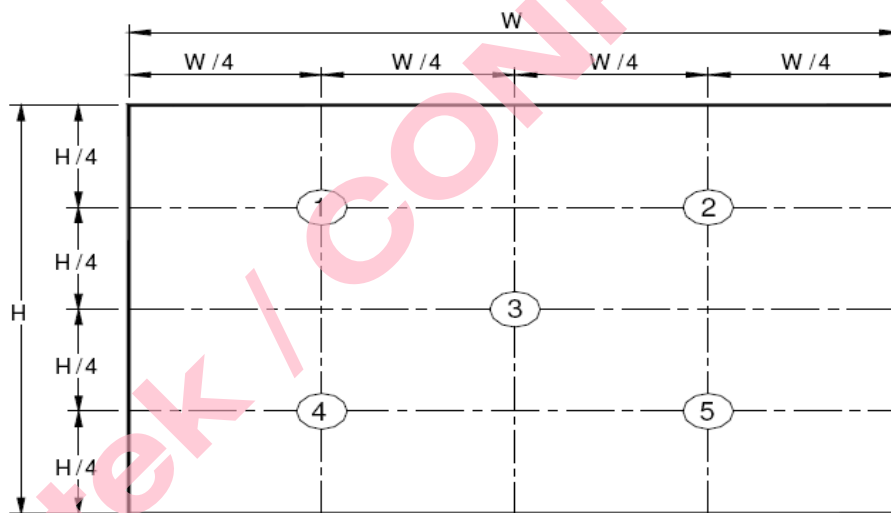


Figure 8. White Luminance and Uniformity Measurement Locations (5 points)

Center Luminance of white is defined as luminance values of center 5 points across the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white. This measurement shall be taken at the locations shown in Figure 7 for a total of the measurements per display.

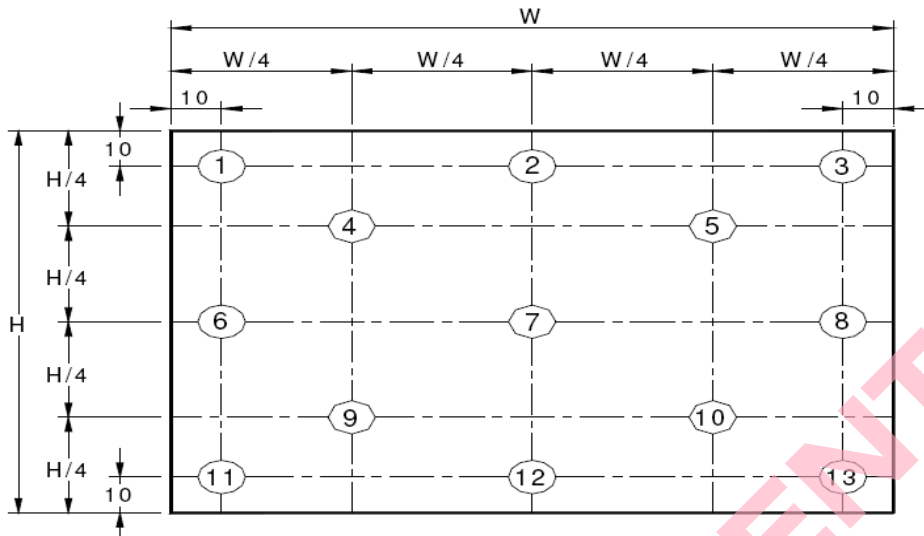


Figure 9. Uniformity Measurement Locations (13 points)

The White luminance uniformity on LCD surface is then expressed as : ΔY_5 = Minimum Luminance of five points / Maximum Luminance of five points (see Figure 8) , ΔY_{13} = Minimum Luminance of 13 points /Maximum Luminance of 13 points (see Figure 9).

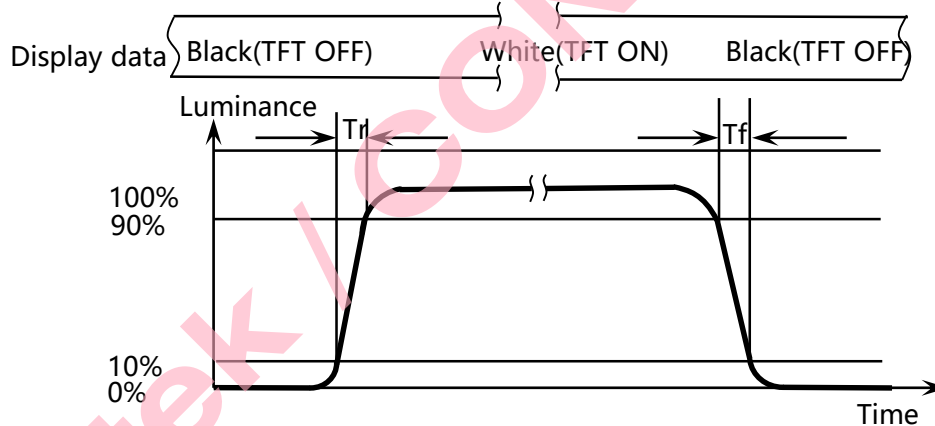
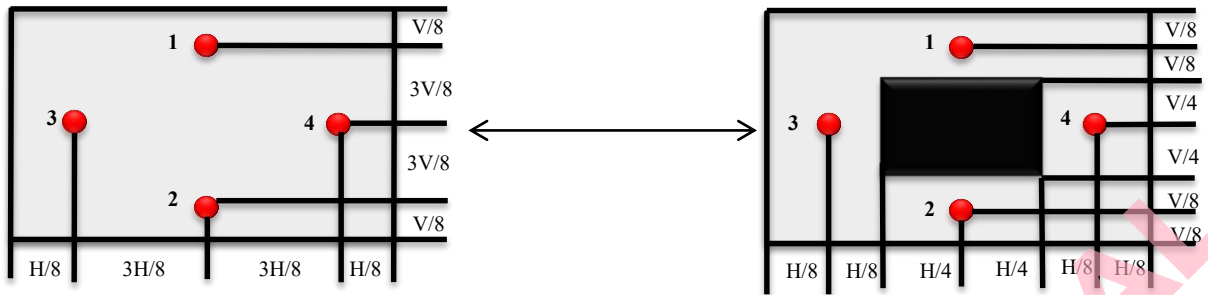


Figure 10. Response Time Testing

The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as shown in Figure 10 by switching the “data” input signal ON and OFF. Tr: The luminance to change from 10% to 90% ,Tf: The luminance to change from 90% to 10% .

The test system : LMS PR810



$$\text{Cross Talk (\%)} = \left| \frac{Y_B - Y_A}{Y_A} \right| \times 100$$

Figure 11. Cross Talk Modulation Test Description

Where:

Y_A = Initial luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

Y_B = Subsequent luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

The location 1/2/3/4 measured will be exactly the same in both patterns. The test background gray is from L64 to L192. Take the largest data as the result.

Cross Talk of one area of the LCD surface by another shall be measured by comparing the luminance (Y_A) of a 25mm diameter area, with all display pixels set to a gray level, to the luminance (Y_B) of that same area when any adjacent area is driven dark. (Refer to Figure 11)

The test system: PR730

6. Interface Connection

6.1 eDP Interface

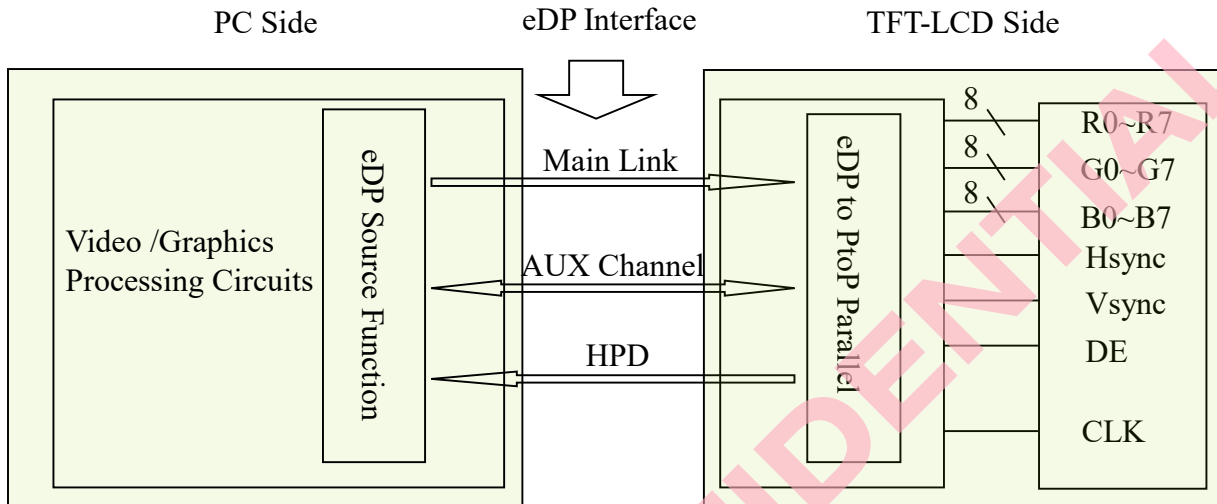


Figure 12. eDP Interface Architecture

Note:

Transmitter : Parade DP501 or equivalent.

Transmitter is not contained in module.

6.2 Data Input Format

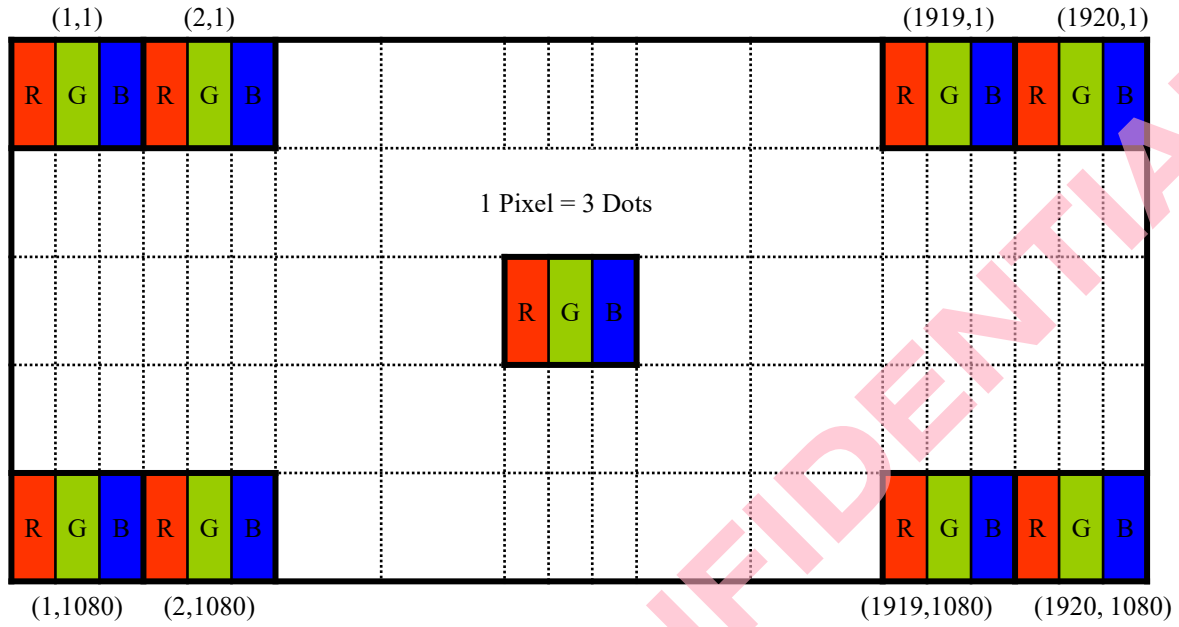


Figure 13. Display Position of Input Data (V-H)

6.3 Back-light & LCM Interface Connection

BLU Interface Connector: STM MSK24022P10D or Compatible.

<Table 7. Pin Assignments for the BLU Connector>

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description | Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
|---------|--------|------------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|
| 1 | LED | LED cathode connection | 6 | LED | LED cathode connection |
| 2 | LED | LED cathode connection | 7 | NC | No Connection |
| 3 | LED | LED cathode connection | 8 | Vout | LED anode connection |
| 4 | LED | LED cathode connection | 9 | Vout | LED anode connection |
| 5 | LED | LED cathode connection | 10 | Vout | LED anode connection |

7. Signal Timing Specification

7.1 The ST1560B3 Is Operated By The DE Only

< Table 8. Signal Timing Specification >

| Item | | Symbols | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Clock | Frequency | 1/Tc | 138.6 | 141.5 | 143.1 | MHz |
| Frame Period | | Tv | 1110 | 1110 | 1115 | lines |
| | | | - | 60 | - | Hz |
| | | | - | 16.67 | - | ms |
| Vertical Display Period | | Tvd | - | 1080 | - | lines |
| One line Scanning Period | | Th | 2080 | 2124 | 2139 | clocks |
| Horizontal Display Period | | Thd | - | 1920 | - | clocks |

Note : The above is as optimized setting.

7.2 eDP Rx Interface Timing Parameter

The specification of the eDP Rx interface timing parameter is shown in Table 9.

<Table 9. eDP Main-Link RX TP4 Package Pin Parameters>

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|-------------------------|-----|-----|------|----------|-------------|
| Spread spectrum clock (Link clock down-spreading) | SSC | - | - | 0.5 | % | |
| EYE width at package pins | VRX-EYE | 0.6 | | | UI | |
| Differential peak-to-peak input voltage at package pins | VRX-DIFFp-p | 120 | - | 1200 | mV | |
| Rx input DC common mode voltage | VRX_DC_CM | 0 | - | 2 | V | |
| Differential termination resistance | RRX-DIFF | 80 | - | 100 | Ω | |
| Single-ended termination resistance | RRX-SE | 40 | - | 60 | Ω | |
| Rx short circuit current limit | IRX_SHORT | - | - | 20 | mA | |
| Intra-pair skew at Rx package pins (HBR) RX intra-pair skew tolerance at HBR | LRX_SKEW_ INTRA_PAIR | - | - | 60 | ps | |
| AC Coupling Capacitor | C _{SOURCE_ML} | 75 | | 200 | nF | Source side |



Figure 14. Main link differential pair

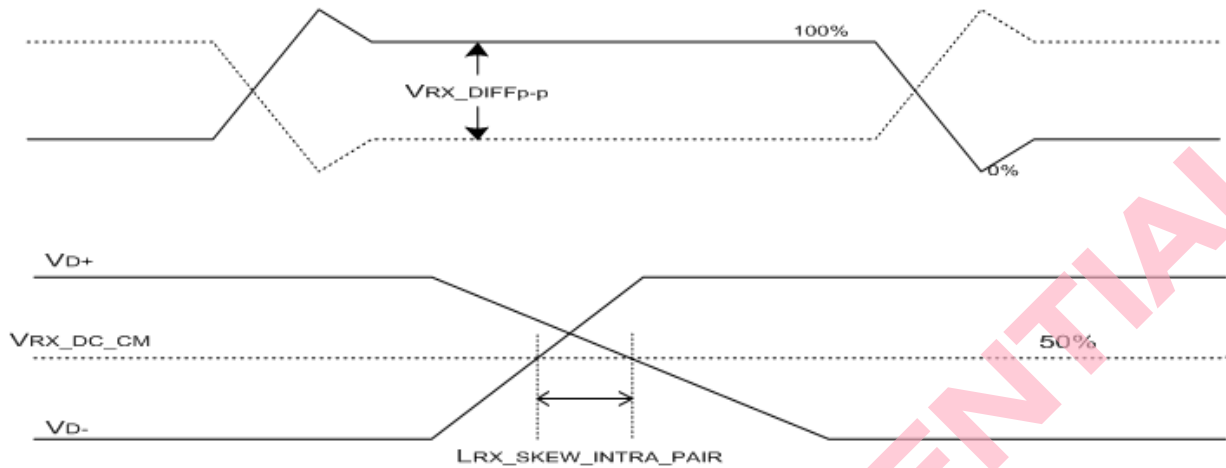


Figure 15. VRX-DIFFp-p & LRX_SKEW_INTRA_PAIR

<Table 10. HPD Characteristics>

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|------|-----------------------|
| HPD voltage | V _{HPD} | 2.25 | - | 3.6 | V | |
| Hot Plug Detection Threshold | - | 2.0 | - | - | V | Source side Detecting |
| Hot Unplug Detection Threshold | - | - | - | 0.8V | V | |
| HPD_IRQ Pulse Width | HPD_IRQ | 0.5 | - | 1 | ms | |
| HPD_TimeOut | - | 2.0 | - | - | ms | |

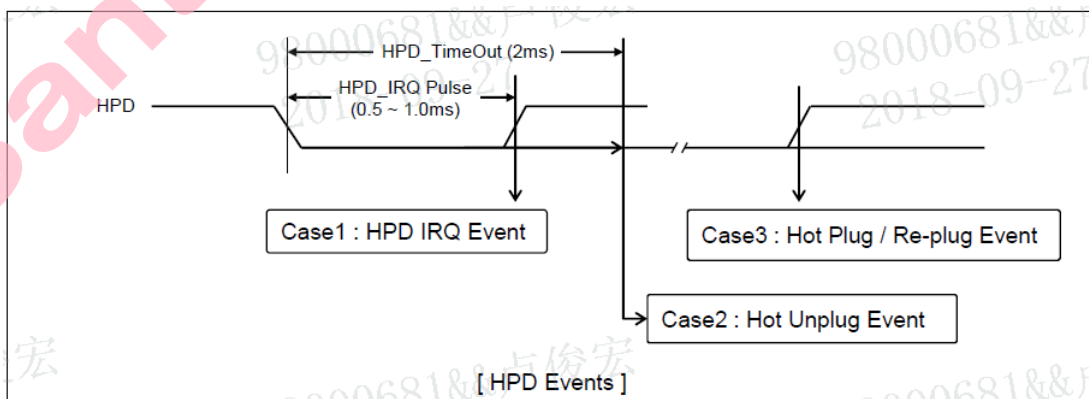


Figure 16. HPD Events

<Table 11. AUX Characteristics>

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Remark |
|---|-----------------|------|-----|------|------|-------------|
| AUX unit interval | UIAUX | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | Us | |
| AUX peak-to-peak input differential voltage | VAUX-RX-DIFFp-p | 0.29 | - | 1.38 | V | |
| AUX CH termination DC resistance | RAUX-TERM | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ohm | |
| AUX DC common mode voltage | VAUX-DC-CM | 0 | - | 2 | V | |
| AUX turn around common mode voltage | VAUX-TURN-CM | - | - | 0.3 | V | |
| AUX short circuit current limit | IAUX-SHORT | - | - | 90 | mA | |
| AUX AC Coupling Capacitor | CSOURCE-AUX | 75 | - | 200 | nf | Source side |

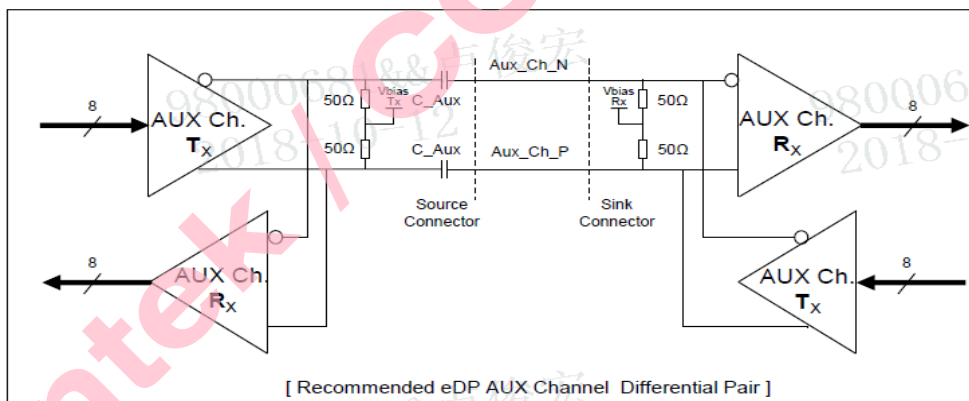


Figure 17. AUX differential pair

8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors & Gray Scale Of Colors

<Table 12. Input Signal & Basic Display Colors & Gray Scale of Colors >

| | Colors & Gray scale | Data signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 | R7 | R8 | R9 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | G6 | G7 | G8 | G9 | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B8 | B9 |
| Basic colors | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Green | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Light Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Red | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Purple | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Gray scale of Red | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | △ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Darker | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | △ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ▽ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Brighter | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | ▽ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Red | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Gray scale of Green | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Darker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ▽ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Brighter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | ▽ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Green | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Gray scale of Blue | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Darker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ▽ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Brighter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | ▽ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Gray scale of White & Black | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Darker | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | △ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ▽ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Brighter | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | ▽ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |

9. Power Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence shall be as shown in below.

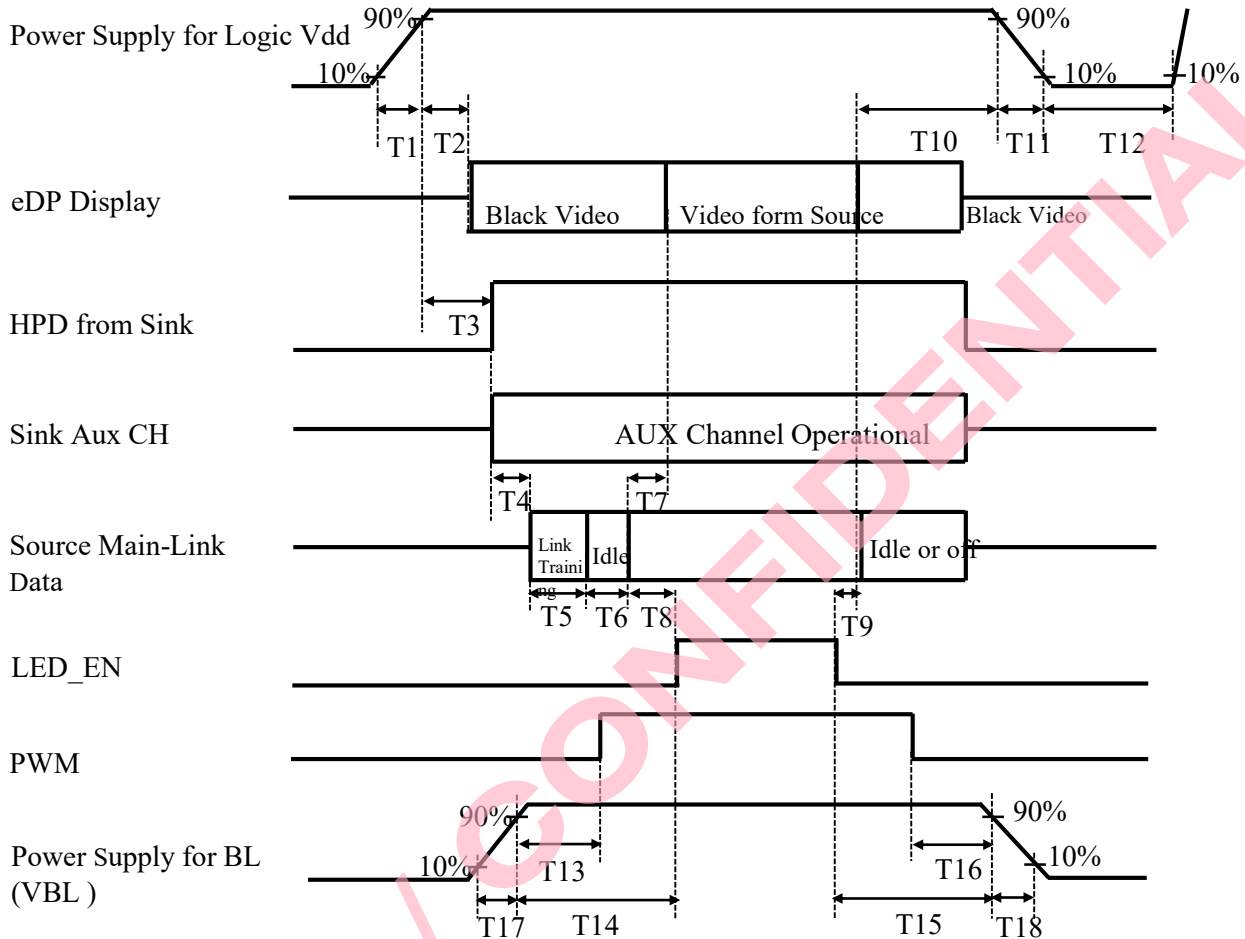


Figure 18. Power Sequence

- $0.5\text{ms} \leq T1 \leq 10\text{ms}$
- $0\text{ms} < T2 \leq 200\text{ms}$
- $0\text{ms} < T3 \leq 200\text{ms}$
- $T3+T4+T5+T6+T8 > 200\text{ms}$
- $0\text{ms} < T7 \leq 50\text{ms}$
- $50\text{ms} < T8$
- $0\text{ms} < T9$
- $0\text{ms} < T10 < 500\text{ms}$
- $0.5\text{ms} \leq T11 \leq 10\text{ms}$
- $500\text{ms} \leq T12$
- $0\text{ms} < T13$
- $0\text{ms} < T14$
- $0\text{ms} < T15$
- $0\text{ms} < T16$
- $0.5\text{ms} \leq T17$
- $0.5\text{ms} \leq T18$

Notes:

1. When the power supply VDD is 0V, keep the level of input signals on the low or keep high impedance.
2. Do not keep the interface signal high impedance when power is on. Back Light must be turn on after power for logic and interface signal are valid.

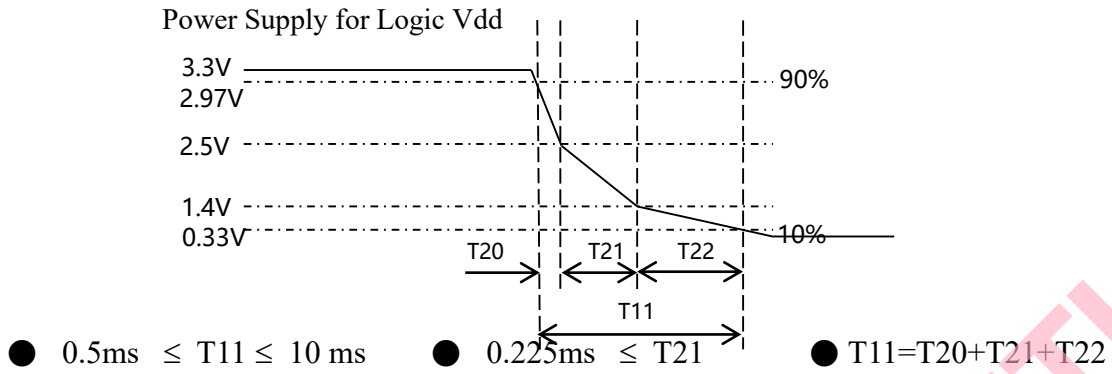


Figure 19. T11 timing requirements

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10. Connector Description

Physical interface is described as for the connector on LCM.

These connectors are capable of accommodating the following signals and will be following components.

10.1 TFT LCD Module

< Table 13. Signal Connector >

| Connector Name /Description | For Signal Connector |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Manufacturer | IPEX |
| Type/ Part Number | 20455-030E-66 |
| Mating Housing/ Part Number | I-PEX 20454-030T |

11. Mechanical Characteristics

11.1 Dimensional Requirements

<Table 14. Dimensional Parameters>

| Parameter | Specification | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--------|
| Active Area | 344.16(H) × 193.59(V) | mm |
| Number of pixels | 1920 (H) X 1080 (V) (1 pixel = R + G + B dots) | pixels |
| Pixel pitch | 0.17925 (H) X 0.17925 (V) | um |
| Pixel arrangement | RGB Vertical stripe | |
| Display colors | 1073.7M(8bit+FRC) | |
| Display mode | Normally Black | |
| Dimensional outline | 350.66(H)*205.84(V) (W/PCB)*4.6(Max) 350.66(H)*205.84(V) (W/O PCB)*2.6(Max) | mm |
| Weight | 280(max) | g |

11.2 Mounting

See Figure 24.

11.3 Anti-Glare and Polarizer Hardness.

The surface of the LCD has an Glare coating to minimize reflection and a coating to reduce scratching. The Polarizer Hardness is 3H.

11.4 Light Leakage

There shall not be visible light from the back-lighting system around the edges of the screen as seen from a distance 50cm from the screen with an overhead light level of 350lux.

12. Reliability Test

The reliability test items and its conditions are shown in below.

<Table 15. Reliability Test>

| No | Test Items | Conditions | Remark |
|----|---|---|--------|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta = 60°C , 60%RH, 240 hrs | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta = -20°C , 240 hrs | |
| 3 | High temperature & high humidity operation test | Ta = 50°C , 80%RH, 240 hrs | |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Ta = 50°C , 60%RH, 240 hrs | |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ta = 0°C , 240 hrs | |
| 6 | Thermal shock | Ta = -20 °C ↔ 60 °C (0.5 hr), 60%±3%RH, 100 cycle | |
| 7 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Ta = 25°C , 60%RH, 1.5G, 10~500Hz, Sine X,Y,Z / Sweep rate : 1 hour | Note 1 |
| 8 | Shock test (non-operating) | Ta = 25°C , 60%RH, 220G, Half Sine Wave 2msec±X, ±Y, ±Z Once for each direction | Note 1 |
| 9 | Electro-static discharge test (operating) | Air : 150 pF, 330Ω, ±15 KV Contact : 150 pF, 330Ω, ±8 KV Ta = 25°C , 60%RH, | Note 2 |

Notes :

1. The fixture must be hard enough , so that the module would not be twisted or bent.
2. Self- recovery and restart recovery is allowed. No hardware failures.

13. Packing Information
TBD

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14. Handling & Cautions

- (1) Cautions when taking out the module
 - Pick the pouch only, when taking out module from a shipping package.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
 - As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care. Peel a protection sheet off from the LCD panel surface as slowly as possible.
 - As the LCD panel and back - light element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
 - As the surface of the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
 - Do not pull the interface connector in or out while the LCD module is operating.
 - Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
 - Handle connectors and cables with care.
- (3) Cautions for the operation
 - When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, ENAB signals. If any one of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
 - Obey the supply voltage sequence. If wrong sequence is applied, the module would be damaged.
- (4) Cautions for the atmosphere
 - Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
 - Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.
- (5) Cautions for the module characteristics
 - Do not apply fixed pattern data signal to the LCD module at product aging.
 - Applying fixed pattern for a long time may cause image sticking.
- (6) Other cautions
 - Do not disassemble and/or re-assemble LCD module.
 - Do not re-adjust variable resistor or switch etc.
 - When returning the module for repair or etc. Please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to use the original shipping packages.